

University of Nebraska Kearney

Crime Statistic Report Form

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|---|-------------------------------|
| Reporting Person: _____ | Phone Number: _____ |
| Classification (see definition below): _____ | Date Incident Occurred: _____ |
| Location of Incident (building name and address): _____ | |
| Were either drugs, alcohol or both involved: _____ | |
| Was the suspect a stranger or acquaintance: _____ | |
| Brief description of the incident: _____ | |
| _____ | |
| _____ | |
| _____ | |
| Check the appropriate answer to the following questions: | |
| Did the crime occur in a building or on the street? | Building _____ Street _____ |
| Did the crime occur on UNK owned, controlled, or leased property? | Yes: _____ No: _____ |
| Did the crime occur at a University sponsored activity or event? | Yes: _____ No: _____ |

According to federal law University Police are required to collect and report statistics for certain criminal offenses reported to any official of the institution who has significant responsibility for students and campus activities. As such a person, please complete this form for the following reported criminal cases that have not already been reported to University Police; Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter, Negligent Manslaughter, Robbery, Aggravated Assault, Burglary, Motor Vehicle Theft, Arson, Weapons Law Violation, Drug Law Violations, Liquor Law Violations, Larceny, Vandalism, Simple Assault, Intimidation, Stalking, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Forcible Rape, Forcible Sodomy, Sexual Assault with an Object, Forcible Fondling, Incest and Statutory Rape (see definitions on the next page).

Crime definitions are from the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Handbook, VAWA definitions or the National Incident-Based Reporting System Edition of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program.

Please forward this completed form to:

**Michelle Holman
Clery Coordinator UNK Police Department
Facilities
2501 19th Ave, Kearney, NE 68849**

Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter: the willful (Non-negligent) killing of one human being by another. NOTE: Deaths caused by negligence, attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, and justifiable homicides are excluded. (UCR)

Negligent Manslaughter: the killing of another person through gross negligence. (UCR)

Robbery: the taking of attempting to take anything of value of the care, custody or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear. (UCR)

Aggravated Assault: an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. It is not necessary that injury results from aggravated assault when a gun, knife or other weapon is used which could or probably would result in a serious potential injury if the crime were successfully completed. (UCR)

Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit any of the aforementioned. (UCR)

Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access, even though the vehicles are later abandoned) (UCR)

Arson: The willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another kind. (UCR)

Weapons Law Violation: The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale, possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (UCR)

Drug Law Violation: Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substance include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadone's); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine). (UCR)

Liquor Law Violation: the violation of laws or ordinance prohibiting: manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkness and driving under the influence are not included in the definition.) (UCR)

Larceny: The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another (UCR)

Vandalism: To willfully or maliciously destroy, injure, disfigure any public or private property, real or personal, without the consent of the owner or person having custody or control by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by local law. (UCR)

Simple Assault: An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration or loss of consciousness (UCR)

Intimidation: To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Stalking – Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to (A) fear for his or her safety or the safety of others or (B) suffer substantial emotional distress (VAWA Definition)

Domestic Violence – Any felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by a current or former spouse of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction. (VAWA Definition)

Dating Violence – Violence committed by a person (A) Who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and (B) Where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors: and (i) The length of the relationship (ii) The type of relationship (iii) The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship (VAWA Definition)

Sex Offenses – Forcible

Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will; or not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

- A. Forcible Rape-** The carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against the person’s will; or not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (or because of his/her youth)
- B. Forcible Sodomy-** Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will; or not forcibly against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity
- C. Sexual Assault with an Object** – The use of an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will; or not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity
- D. Forcible Fondling-** The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly and/or against that person’s will: or, not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Sex Offenses – Non-forcible

Unlawful, non-forcible sexual intercourse.

- A. Incest-** Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degree wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- B. Statutory Rape-** Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under statutory age of consent.

Sex Offenses Definitions from the National Incident-Based Reporting System Edition of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program