Teaching Languages Online

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¡Hola!

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Credits

- Presentation template by <u>SlidesCarnival</u>
- Center for Applied Research in Language Acquisition (CARLA) – Transition to teaching language online (TTLO)
- Outstanding instructors: Marlene
 Johnshoy (CARLA TTLO Director); Ritu
 Jayakar (UPENN); Frances Matos (UofMN),
 Shannon Spasova (MichState)

Objectives

We can:

use effective strategies for planning and organizing online language learning.

We can:

"transition" face-toface instruction online by choosing appropriate technology supports, within an LMS or based in the web.

We can:

anticipate and respond to challenges inherent to the online environment



1. Planning for effective language instruction online

- It's a lot like planning for ANY effective instruction online



To "Zoom" or not to "Zoom"?

Should instruction be <u>synchronous</u> or <u>asynchronous</u>?

Some basics

- Repetitive, predictable structure and due dates
- Defined and manageable number of activity types/technology tools
- Lots of low-stakes practice, interaction, feedback
- A first module that teaches procedures and tools while building community and defining expectations – this IS the content
- Less is more

Example instructional sequence

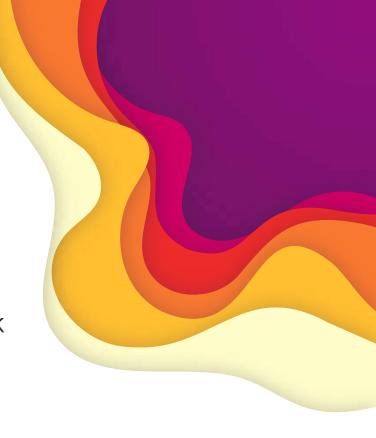
- DUE Tuesday: Read/view input source(s): Teacher lecture, reading, video etc.
 Complete comprehension activities
- DUE Friday: Interactive or individual practice with feedback, practice "quizzes", exercises, discussion board, Flipgrid, etc.
- DUE Sunday: Individual formative/summative assessment, oral or written performance, quiz, etc.

It helps students to know:

I will have something due every Tuesday and Friday.

ACTFL Lesson Sequence

- Gain attention activate prior knowledge
- Provide input
- Elicit performance provide feedback
- Repeat input/performance/feedback as necessary
- Closure



2. Transition our face-to-face instruction online

- Choose the tools that best suit OUR instructional purposes



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What does a typical lesson in YOUR face-to-face classroom look like? How could you do the same online? Which tools can help you? Which parts transition well, which don't?

Example of a transitioned lesson

F2F – Warm – up

Do now on paper, pair-share

Online - Padlet or my LMS

• F2F - Provide input

Slideshow with images introducing new vocabulary

- circling to provide repetition

Online - PearDeck Or Edpuzzle or my LMS

F2F – Elicit performance/Provide feedback

Info-gap activity

Online – (S) Zoom breakout or (AS) Flipgrid

• F2F – Exit ticket – formative assessment

Online - Google forms quiz or my LMS







Tools for the communicative modes

Interpretive (reading/listening/viewing)

Embed questions in a video: Edpuzzle, HP5, Playposit Add questions to a text: Actively learn, Google Forms, Pear deck Your LMS?

Interpersonal (spoken or written exchange)

Host live conversation: Zoom, Google hangouts
Asynchronous verbal exchanges – Flipgrid, Padlet, VoiceThread
Asynchronous text exchanges – Padlet, Chatzy
Your LMS?

Presentational (speaking/writing)

Record speech – Flipgrid, Vocaroo, VoiceThread, Screencasitfy, Vidgrid Writing – Google Docs/slides, Edublogs, Padlet Your LMS?



Defined and manageable number of tools

3. Anticipate and respond to challenges

- keeping students engaged
- giving feedback
- opportunities for interpersonal communication
- assessment
- academic dishonesty

Engagement

Relationships

Frequent communication from instructor

Opportunities to interact with peers and be known

High expectations/high support

Challenging, but not overwhelming – resources to support performance at high levels (models, multiple attempts, instructor AND peerto-peer "help")

Content

Quality, novelty and matched to student interest



Feedback



Automatic/ immediate

Provide auto feedback on practice activities an allow multiple attempts, encourages selfcorrection or "uptake"

Peer to peer:

Use structured peer review or gallerystyle sharing to give feedbacks on drafts or steps in larger products

Vary types

Whole class,

"common errors"

"final thoughts"

Individual

Criterion referenced (language of the rubric)

Small group

Most effective is immediately applied



Interpersonal communication

Context

What is possible?

Accessible?

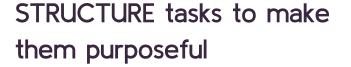
Feasible?

Age, language level and institutional expectations

Plan

Establish structure and schedule of synchronous participation and communicate in advance

Keep partners/groups static longer



Student reflection rather than teacher review/grading



Assessment and Academic Honesty

Hard to copy or "Google"

Reference course content, experiences, personal reflections/connections.

JPEGs of text aren't selectable, Create a time limit. for assessments.

Teach and reteach policies

Remind students continuously about academic honesty expectations.

Performance tasks

Are better measures of learning AND harder to "cheat" on – listening and speaking tasks, in particular.

Have realistic expectations for performance

Use a rubric and make clear that perfection is not required. Develop student understanding of realistic expectations.

Clarify appropriate resource use vs. inappropriate

Provide appropriate resources – word banks/lists, examples or model responses.

Address offenders swiftly and clearly - TEACH

How you know, why the behavior doesn't support learning and what the consequences are now and in the future.

Final thoughts:

It is possible to deliver quality language instruction online

Your questions?

And experiences....

